



# THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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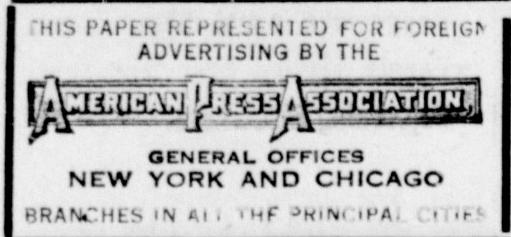
PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

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TO OUR READERS

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**WAVERLY HIGH SPEED GASOLINE**

76° — SPECIAL — MOTOR Power Without Carbon. All Refined Products. No "natural" gasoline used. At your dealers. **WAVERLY OIL WORKS CO.** Independent Refiners. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Also makers of Waverly Special Auto Oil. FREE—200 Page Book tells all about oil.

## THE GREAT CARLISLE FAIR

4 BIG DAYS

SEPTEMBER 24, : 25, : 26, : 27

Racing Purse amounting to \$5000

Trotting and Running Races every day

## 2 Aeroplane Exhibitions Daily

Aviator will make a flight each morning and afternoon

Free Exhibitions in front of the Grand Stand  
excell the average circus.

Don't miss this greatest fair of many years.

**Public Sale of 2 Carloads of Horses and Mules**

At Stockyards, Gettysburg, Pa.

## Saturday, September 21,

Car of Horses consists of 15 Good Brood Mares, weighing from 1200 to 1400 lbs. All have been bred and is as good a carload as has ever been shipped east, all halter broke, balance are all good large colts, making good heavy draft horses, all halter broke. Several broke to work and drive. The mules are one and two-year-old, good ones.

One Pair Good Large Work Mules, well broke and gentle, will weigh 1200 pounds each. They are just out of hard work, and will suit some one needing a good pair of slaves. Don't miss this sale as they will be sold rain or shine. Terms will be made known when a good long credit will be given by

**Forbes & Forney**

## RESIDENCE and ORCHARD = FOR SALE =

The undersigned intending to move to Gettysburg, will sell his residence near Cashtown.

Large house 18x39 with an addition 16x18, containing 8 large rooms. The interior newly plastered, painted and papered. New five foot wire fence around entire property. Place contains 1 acre and 25 perches. Nice lawn, cement walks, etc. Fine large frame bank barn 27x50. Buggy house, chicken house, wood shed, hog pen, etc. Buildings in excellent repair. Land in high state of cultivation. Fruit of every description in abundance. Two wells of water. One at the kitchen door.

Also, ORCHARD, containing 7 acres and 92 perches, with about 65 large bearing apple trees, 85 young trees and 200 peach trees. Good fruit soil. This is a good location for a man with two horses, as there is a large amount of good farming land in this section that would be given to him to farm on the shares. Will sell together or separate. This is a bargain. Call on or address

**C. A. HEIGES,**  
Cashtown, Pa.

## FARM FOR SALE

One hundred acre farm in Freedom township, close to McCleary's School House. Two sets of buildings, good fencing, principally wire fence. Good stock and fruit farm. Three wells of water with one set of buildings and two with the other. Spring and stream of water. Will sell part or all of this farm.

**George W. Jacobs,**  
R. D. 4, Gettysburg.

## FOR SALE

15 h. p. Geiser steam engine, twenty-five gallon water tank and wagon, log wagon and chain, two cut off saws, all nearly new.

**C. W. Bream,** Bigerville.

## BACKER OF RACE BILL A SUICIDE

George C. Morrison Kills Himself in Baltimore.

## WILSON'S STATE MANAGER

Was Involved In Charges That Legislation Has Been Changed After Governor Signed Bill.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 18.—George C. Morrison, a leader in Democratic political circles, and Maryland campaign manager for Governor Woodrow Wilson, president of the Title Guarantee and Trust company and one of the leading financial figures of Baltimore, was found dead in a private room of the Baltimore Athletic club, a suicide.

The police say that when his body was discovered a gas tube connected with a flowing jet was in his mouth. He was about forty years old and was married.

The suicide of Mr. Morrison comes within a few days of accusations made by Governor Goldsborough that Mr. Morrison and other leaders of the business and social life of Harford county, where he had a handsome home, had made misrepresentations concerning the Harford county racing bill, by which has paved the way for the recently completed Havre de Grace race track.

In a public statement Governor Goldsborough had said that had he not been deceived by the statements of Mr. Morrison and other men he would not have signed the bill which allows racing in Harford county.

Mr. Morrison was prominently interested in horse racing. He left a note explaining his act, which the coroner took possession of, and while refusing to make all of it public at this time, he said the dead man referred to the newspaper publicity given to his interest in the race track at Havre de Grace, as one of the reasons for his action.

The portion of the note given out said:

"I am in trouble only to my God. He knows whether it is just for the self-sacrifice work of years to be set at naught by the onslaughts of a yellow newspaper, against which there is no defense."

Following up the charges by Governor Goldsborough, the grand jury of Harford county has begun an investigation of the Havre de Grace track and it was intended to summon Mr. Morrison and several others whose names had been mentioned in connection with the matter.

Mr. Morrison went to his room in the athletic club house, telling club attendants that he intended to do some work there. That was the last time he was seen alive.

## TRACK RUN FOR GAMBLING

Grand Jury Condemns Conduct of Affairs at Havre de Grace.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 18.—Characterizing the directorate of the race track at Havre de Grace as "a clean collar on a dirty shirt," and asserting that the track is maintained for gambling in its most damaging and dangerous form, the grand jury for Harford county gave its report to the court at Belair.

The report followed two days of testimony taking, in which directors of the track—which is run under the name of the Harford Agricultural and breeding association—and many others were called to tell just how the track is conducted and the manner in which it was promoted.

The grand jury recommended that detectives be employed by the county to keep their eyes on the course and to see that the laws are strictly enforced.

In its report the grand jury says:

"That the entire management and conduct of the racing, pool selling and other business of this association appears to be in the hands of one Edward Burke, of New York, a man who has made horse racing his vocation for fifteen years, and who was first secured for this position by one Timothy O'Leary, of Philadelphia, and the New York Jockey club."

Further, the jury admits its helplessness in the matter and recommends that the only thing to be done is to have the act repealed at the next legislature. As the general assembly does not meet until 1914 the track will be in operation for another year, and nothing is likely to be done in the meantime.

Taft's Sons Return to School.

Beverly, Mass., Sept. 18.—There was let-up in the rush of work that has crowded President Taft's vacation and made his summer at Beverly so far almost as busy as the days in the White House. The president lost two of his golfing companions when his sons, Robert and Charles, left Beverly to resume their studies. Robert went back to Harvard to take up work on the Law Review, of which he is an editor, and Charles went to the school of Horace D. Taft, the president's brother, at Watertown, Conn.

Washington Fears Rabies Epidemic.

Washington, Sept. 18.—An epidemic of rabies is feared by capital health officers. Four children bitten by dogs in one day are receiving the Pasteur treatment.

Snowfall in Montana.

Billings, Mont., Sept. 18.—Three inches of snow fell here and through out eastern Montana, but melted within a few hours. Frost damaged crops in the Big Horn valley.

Five-Cent Eggs This Winter.

Columbus, O., Sept. 18.—Eggs at five cents apiece is the price predicted for this winter by Professor F. S. Jacoby, head of the poultry culture department of the state university.

Storage eggs usually held for winter are now being sold in large cities, he said.

500 TROOPS DIE IN FIRE

Chinese Soldiers Burned to Death In Forest Fire Started by Mongols.

Chicago, Sept. 18.—Five hundred Chinese soldiers were burned to death, according to a Peking dispatch to the Chicago Daily News, in a forest fire started by a large force of Mongols retreating from the Chinese.

Generals Hail and Tzao, proceeding northward from Tonanfu, with 3000 men, engaged a force of Mongols at Chiatsetuan. The Mongols were defeated and fled northward with the Chinese in pursuit.

In a forest near Tabchiachin they started a fire to maintain their stand. The Chinese troops were unable to escape and perished.

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FOR SALE

Good FAMILY MARE

work any place, BUGGY and

HARNESS—CHEAP.

G. M. Stover, Gettysburg

ROUTE 4

## ALFRED G. VANDERBILT.

Will Receive Shortly Last Installation of Father's Fortune.



PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Number One

### A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to article nine, section four, of the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, authorizing the State to issue bonds to the amount of fifty millions of dollars for the improvement of the highways of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, That the following amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania be, and the same is hereby proposed, in accordance with the eighteenth article thereof:

That section four of article nine, which reads as follows:

"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or for the State except to supply actual deficiencies of revenue, to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiency in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate, at any one time, one million of dollars," be amended so as to read as follows:

"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or for the State except to supply actual deficiencies of revenue, to repel invasion, suppress insurrection, defend the State in war, or to pay existing debt; and the debt created to supply deficiency in revenue shall never exceed, in the aggregate, at any one time, one million of dollars,"

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"Section 4. No debt shall be created by or for the State except to supply actual deficiencies of revenue, to repel invasion, suppress ins



# SHORE TRAIN KILLS THREE

Two Men and Boy Run Down at Malaga, N. J.

## STORM OBSCURES LIGHTS

Five Lives Lost Within Two Months at the Pennsylvania Electric Road Crossing.

Camden, N. J., Sept. 17.—Two men and a boy were killed at Malaga, twenty-eight miles south of this city, when a Pennsylvania railroad electric train struck the big moving van in which they were taking a load of furniture from Vineland, N. J., to Philadelphia.

The driver and owner of the van was Joseph Caplan. The other two victims were Jacob Caplan, aged thirteen years, and Nathan Fisher. The accident occurred during a heavy rain storm. Two horses attached to the van were killed, and the first car of the electric train was so badly damaged that it had to be sidetracked.

The victims were badly mangled and were identified with difficulty.

The train, an express, was running at a speed of a mile a minute. Caplan and his two helpers had left Philadelphia to move the furniture of a family at Vineland. Just before they reached the Malaga crossing a heavy rain storm broke. The rain fell in torrents, obscuring the signal lights and muffling all warning signals.

The swift express loomed up upon the van before its occupants, covered with canvas to protect them from the storm, were aware of their danger. There was a terrific impact and the front of the electric train was crushed in on the left side.

Motorman Bowdwell's station was at the right. He was penned in and held a prisoner by the jamming of the door and was slightly cut by flying glass. Steadying himself from the shock, he eased down on the brakes, fearing to bring the train to a sudden stop and thus endanger the safety of the scores of passengers in the rear coaches.

Sputting fire from the contacts formed by the wreckage of the van with the third rail, the train came to a stop half a mile from the crossing. Passengers and crew piled out in the drenching rain and aided in dragging the wreckage from the third rail to keep the coaches from catching fire. Conductor Harry Matthews disengaged Bowdwell, a prisoner in the motorman's room at the front of the train and released him.

A search was instituted for the victims, but it was difficult to find them in the darkness. The boy's body was the only one that was not mangled. It was found amid the wreckage of the van, that had been carried along by the train pilot. Caplan was burned by the third rail, and he and his helper, Fisher, were badly cut up under the car wheels.

The railroad officials are being criticized for allowing the bodies of the victims to lie along the tracks until morning, when Coroner Stultz was summoned to view them.

The train with its load of passengers was held up for over an hour while the wreckage was being cleared away.

WILLIAM D. HAYWOOD.  
Labor Leader Held For Trial For Conspiracy In Boston.



HAYWOOD PLEADS

Held For Trial on Charge of Conspiracy in Lawrence Strike.

Lawrence, Mass., Sept. 17.—William D. Haywood, general organizer of the Industrial Workers of the World, pleaded not guilty before Judge John F. Quinn in the superior court here to two indictments charging him with conspiracy in connection with last winter's strike in this city. He was held for trial under \$4000 bonds. No date for the trial was set.

## NOGI OFFERS HIS BODY TO SCIENCE

Will Directs Burial of Teeth, Hair and Nails.

Tokio, Sept. 17.—The will of General Count Maresuke Nogi, who with his wife, the Countess Nogi, committed suicide at the moment that the body of the late Emperor Mutsuhito was started on its journey to the tomb, was published here.

The Japanese warrior says that he follows the emperor because his services are no longer required in this world. He had often sought to die, he acts, and chooses as the occasion for his departure from this life the present great national calamity.

The document bears the date of the night of Sept. 12, twenty-four hours previous to the taking of his life, and it indicates that the death of the countess had not been decided upon when the instrument was prepared.

General Nogi distributes his property among his wife and friends and makes donations to several public institutions. He says that while his wife lives the house of Nogi may be maintained, but that after her death the will will be extinct.

The Port Arthur hero suggests that his body be given to a medical college, requesting that only his teeth, hair and nails be buried.

## SCOUTS CURES FOR CANCER

Heidelberg Investigator Says None Is Found to Aid Humans.

Munster, Prussia, Sept. 17.—Professor Vinzenz Czerny, surgeon and bacteriologist at Heidelberg university and a world famous investigator of cancer, has made a communication to the German medical congress dealing with the lately reported cancer cures.

A specific remedy for cancer has not yet been found, he says, and possibly never will be discovered. The widely heralded chemo-therapeutic treatment by metallic salts, the professor continues, only rarely cures mice and is too dangerous as yet to apply to human beings.

Professor Czerny in conclusion deplores the negligence of the various governments in financing investigations into the disease.

Smallpox Victim Critically Ill.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Sept. 17.—The condition of Dr. E. R. Walters, director of public health, who contracted smallpox while fighting the disease in this city, is critical. Six additional cases were reported, making a total of seventy-nine since Aug. 3. Of this number eighteen have died. More than 25,000 points of vaccine have been bought since Aug. 5 and 50,000 points are stored in local warehouses.

Recently when she complained of rheumatism the physicians told her that her love of tight stockings was the cause of her complaint.

The disease spread so fast that the operation was necessary to save her life. The hospital authorities have declined to give her name.

Plague on Ship From Argentina.

Hamburg, Germany, Sept. 17.—Two cases of the pest were discovered on a British steamer which arrived here from Rosario, Argentina. One of the cases resulted fatally and the other was removed from the vessel and placed in the hospital at the quarantine station. The vessel proceeded on its voyage.

Physicians said that he died from strangulation.

## SAYS OYSTERS SUFFER

Though They Make No Sign When Jabbed With a Fork.

Washington, Sept. 17.—"Oysters suffer untold agony when eaten from the half-shell," says Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, late pure food expert of Uncle Sam.

"When you jab a fork into them, spear them with pepper, salt and tobacco sauce, they suffer excruciating pain. They are live animals; they eat and drink and must have some feeding. The oyster undoubtedly suffers pain like any animal, only in a duller fashion."

Women Beat Highwayman.

Washington, Sept. 17.—When held up by a negro footpad, Mrs. Richard Way and Mrs. F. B. Nelson turned on the highwayman, clubbed him soundly and sent him scurrying without any booty.

Woman Shot Examining Revolver.

South Bethlehem, Pa., Sept. 17.—Mrs. Nelson Thompson, of this place, was accidentally shot by a bullet from a revolver in the hands of her husband, while the couple were examining the weapon.

## GRAND JURY PROBING RACING

Allege Act of Assembly Was Altered After Signing.

## POLITICS IS DRAGGED IN FEELING

Roosevelt Supporters in Maryland Declare It is a Move to Discredit Their Leaders.

Belair, Md., Sept. 17.—The various charges that have been made concerning the Havre de Grace race course and the method of securing the charter from the legislature under which the track is conducted, resulted in the anniversary of Central American independence.

A mob of excited Nicaraguans was in command of the landing force of sixty marines undoubtedly prevented more serious results. He rushed the marines to the scene of the trouble and dispersed the mob.

Prompt action by Lieutenant Lowell in command of the landing force of sixty marines undoubtedly prevented more serious results. He rushed the marines to the scene of the trouble and dispersed the mob.

The September term of the circuit court was adjourned for the day in order that nothing should impede the inquiry.

Among those summoned as witnesses are Michael H. Fahey, a member of the new racing commission and a prominent local politician; Robert M. Vandiver, son of Murray Vandiver, chairman of the Democratic state central committee; John M. Michael, president of the Race Track association and a bank president; C. C. Pusey, ex-mayor of Havre de Grace; Thomas C. Hopkins, United States sub-treasurer at Baltimore; Dr. C. W. Famous and Henry A. Osborn, Jr., all members of the lame legislature, and two unnamed men from Philadelphia, supposed to be Mr. Roberts and Timothy O'Leary.

It is alleged that the act of assembly passed last winter permitting racing in Harford county was tampered with after it had been signed by Governor Goldsborough, and it is in reference to this question that it is understood the grand jury will direct its investigation.

Apparently there had been no protests from the residents of Harford county until the matter was taken up by the Baltimore papers. It had been charged that John J. Mahon, Democratic boss of Baltimore, had some interest in the new track, and his connection with it caused the papers to center their fire upon the Havre de Grace track.

A story developed that Republican politics was involved and it was openly charged by some of the supporters of Colonel Roosevelt that the whole affair was started with a view of discrediting certain of their leaders in Harford county. It is pointed out by them that the investigation was really brought out by the governor, who was the Taft leader in Maryland last spring.

The Japanese warrior says that he follows the emperor because his services are no longer required in this world. He had often sought to die, he acts, and chooses as the occasion for his departure from this life the present great national calamity.

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It is expected that the grand jury will conclude its session today. It is the general opinion that nothing can be done to close the track until the next session of the general assembly in '94.

## STEEL MILL RAISES WAGES

Pottsville Company Has More Work Than They Can Turn Out.

Pottsville, Pa., Sept. 17.—The Eastern Steel company announced an increase of 15 per cent in the wages of all its employees in the rolling mills.

Several hundred men will receive from \$20 to \$25 per month more as the result of the increase, and it was learned that the company contemplates an increase to all its 1500 employees.

The mills have more work than they can turn out, and the company is arranging to pay a bonus to certain departments for an increased output. The failure to start the expected revolution was attributed by many to the fact that the mobs were without leaders.

General Zapata failed to keep his promise to attack the city. The day was not without significance to President Madero. Persons in the streets wore Diaz buttons, which hawkers readily sold at 50 cents each, while Madero buttons went begging at five cents.

Although showing passiveness in their demeanor, government officials feared this apathy on the part of the mobs might suddenly give way to morale.

Holds Americans For Ransom.

Douglas, Ariz., Sept. 17.—General Inez Salazar, the Mexican rebel leader who captured the El Tigre mining camp, has demanded \$100,000 ransom from the town.

The rebels are guarding a large amount of bullion which has been held in El Tigre because of the danger of transporting it to the refinery. This, Salazar declares, he will confiscate unless the ransom is paid. There are six American women in El Tigre and it is feared that they may be also seized. The rebels looted numerous buildings in the camp and then burned them down.

At the same time he announces that he will hold three Americans as hostages until the ransom is paid. His proposed hostages are L. R. Burrow, general manager of the El Tigre mines; Assistant Superintendent Miller and H. L. Nix, general manager of the El Tigre merchandise company.

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Physicians said that he died from strangulation.

## WORE TIGHT STOCKINGS

Girl's Legs Had to Be Amputated Because of Them.

Philadelphia, Sept. 17.—A young woman patient in St. Michael's hospital has just had both of her legs amputated below the knees on account of a diseased condition due to wearing tight fitting hose.

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## Case of Electors Now Goes to U. S. Supreme Court.

Denver, Colo., Sept. 17.—The Kansas Progressives won a legal victory here when an opinion was handed down in the United States circuit court in the Taft-Roosevelt Kansas electoral vote controversy, providing that the order refusing an injunction in the case be affirmed, and the case remanded to the Kansas courts, with instructions to dismiss the bill of complaint.

This case will be appealed to the supreme court of the United States.

An injunction was asked by the supporters of President Taft to prohibit the names of the eight Roosevelt electors being placed on the Republican ballot in the general election in November. This was denied on Sept. 6 by Judge W. H. Sanborn, of the United States circuit court of appeals, at Topeka, Kan. The decision affirms this.

## NICARAGUANS FIRE ON MARINES

Men From Gunboat Tacoma Shot at in Bluefields.

## General Manager of Corporation First Witness.

Chicago, Sept. 17.—Taking of testimony in the government suit to dissolve the International Harvester company, a \$140,000,000 corporation, was begun before Robert S. Taylor, special examiner.

Clarence S. Funk, general manager of the corporation, the first witness, said that he became general manager in 1906 and had been associated with Cyrus H. McCormick, president of the corporation, since 1904. At present, he said, he had charge of the sales department.

The defendants include George W. Perkins, Cyrus H. McCormick, Elbert H. Gary, president of the steel corporation; George F. Baker, Norman B. Ream, Charles Deering and Harold F. McCormick.

The government charges the present defendant, by combining the five largest agricultural implement manufacturers in 1902, created a trust and monopolized 85 to 90 per cent of the trade.

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